# **MODULUS**

# Spread Spectrum Radio Comm Module 1120 with Audio Out

Modulus Spread Spectrum Communications modules have built-in 900MHz Spread Spectrum radios for secure data exchange over a license-free wireless network. They also support **wired** communications with Modbus, DF1, Ethernet IP, SDX, MQTT and SDI-12.

Spread Spectrum Communications modules have built-in analog and digital I/O for tank level and process monitoring, and pump control applications such as wells, lift stations and booster pumping stations. The modules may be ordered with analog inputs supporting either mA, voltage or resistance/temperature measurement. In addition, they have five discrete inputs (one high-speed and four optically isolated), and a discrete output.

Modulus Spread Spectrum Communications modules have two serial ports (bus port plus one general purpose port). The bus port may also be used for general purpose RS-485 communications when not bussed with other Modulus I/O modules.

These modules have 2 high-quality audio outputs that under program control, can play up to 1000 different MP3 audio segments through a public address or audio radio system. They can also vocalize the values of real-time data in any storage register in multiple common languages.



Digi 1/4W Spread Spectrum Radio Module 8x-5122 1DI/PI, 4DI, 1DO, 2AI (20mA) 8x-5222 1DI/PI, 4DI, 1DO, 2AI (V) 8x-5322 1DI/PI, 4DI, 1DO, 2AI (ohms)

Digi Xtend 1W Spread Spectrum Radio Module 8x-5123 1DI/PI. 4DI. 1DO. 2AI (20mA)

8x-5223 1DI/PI, 4DI, 1DO, 2AI (2011A) 8x-5223 1DI/PI, 4DI, 1DO, 2AI (V) 8x-5323 1DI/PI, 4DI, 1DO, 2AI (ohms)

Digi SX 1W Spread Spectrum Radio Module 8x-5124 1DI/PI, 4DI, 1DO, 2AI (20mA) 8x-5224 1DI/PI, 4DI, 1DO, 2AI (V) 8x-5324 1DI/PI, 4DI, 1DO, 2AI (ohms),

Optional Field Wiring Panel

Modulus Spread Spectrum Communications Modules—Audio Out

- 1 ETHERNET PORT
- 1 900MHZ SPREAD SPECTRUM RADIO, CHOICE OF 1/4W OR 1W
- 2 SERIAL PORTS (BUS PORT PLUS A GENERAL PURPOSE PORT)
- 1 DISCRETE/HIGH-SPEED PULSE INPUT
- 4 DISCRETE INPUTS (OPTICALLY ISOLATED)
- 1 DISCRETE OUTPUT(PROTECTED FET)
- 2 ANALOG INPUTS (8X-512X-mA, 8X-522X-V, 8X-532X-ohms/temp)
- 2 AUDIO OUTPUTS (STEREO)

# STANDALONE OPERATION

Modulus Spread Spectrum Communications modules can serve as standalone devices with SCADA communications, local and web human machine interfaces (HMIs), historical trending and data logging, alarming, reporting, and programmable logic.

## **COMMUNICATIONS**

Modulus Spread Spectrum Communications modules have a built-in 1W 900MHz Spread Spectrum radio, either Xtend compatible for adding to older systems, or SX for new designs. The also have an Ethernet port and two serial ports to communicate with Modbus devices and Allen Bradley PLCs. They can serve as communications concentrators or master controllers, as well as providing web and data access to any other Modulus modules on the high-speed bus. Ethernet to Serial bridging, and Ethernet/Spread Spectrum routing to other Modulus modules' Ethernet ports, is also supported.

# **GRAPHICAL, MOBILE, AND LOCAL HMIs**

Configurable graphical and mobile device web interfaces, including the tools and libraries to build custom screens, are built in. The front panel display can also be customized to show live process values and states, and make setting changes.

# HISTORICAL TRENDING AND EVENT LOGGING

Modulus Spread Spectrum Communications modules have an internal flash disk, as well as a micro SD memory card slot to record over 100 years of data! Use built-in web tools to retrieve and display historical trend and event data and extract it as spreadsheet files.

### **REPORTING**

Reports with custom graphics and logos can be created in minutes, showing live values, totals, trend/event data, alarm summaries, etc. They can be called up on demand, or sent out automatically.

# **ALARMING**

A Modulus Spread Spectrum Communications module can manage alarm conditions on any of it's local inputs and other Modulus I/O on the bus, as well as external devices via communications. Alarms conditions can be displayed locally, and annunciated by text message, e-mail, and audible (public address) alerts. Alarms can be acknowledged by text message or e-mail, discrete input, or local HMI button. The module maintains a journal spreadsheet file of when alarms occurred, when they were acknowledged, by whom, and when the alarm conditions clear.

# **PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC**

Modulus Spread Spectrum Communications modules support programmable logic written in ladder logic, function block and text languages; all with 32-bit integer and floating point math. Programmable logic can supplement the built-in functions of the module.

# PID & PUMP CONTROL

Modulus Spread Spectrum Communications modules have a quad PID controller and a triplex pump controller (float or level control) with error detection and alarming. The Spread Spectrum Communications Module is an ideal solution for SCADA operation of wells, lift stations, and booster pump stations.

# **REDUNDANCY**

Modulus Spread Spectrum Communications modules support redundancy for enhanced reliability. If a module goes off-line, a designated backup can take over automatically.



# Modulus Spread Spectrum Communications Module with Audio Out - Type 1120 - Specifications

FIELD I/O

Discrete Inputs:

1 High-speed, non-isolated DC or contact closure, DC to 20KHz maximum

Input Range: Contact closure/open collector driver to ground, or 0 to 30Vdc (ON=<1.5V, OFF > 2.5V)

Input Current: Approximately 0.5mA (internal current source)

Filtering Individually configurable: 5Hz, 10Hz, 20Hz, 50Hz, 100Hz, 500Hz, 1KHz, 2KHz, 5KHz, 10KHz+

4 Optically Isolated, bipolar (AC/DC, not polarity sensitive)

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Input Range:} & \mbox{0 to 30V (OFF < 6V, ON>9V)} \\ \mbox{Input Current:} & \mbox{1.2mA @ 12V, 3mA @ 24V} \\ \end{array}$ 

Filtering Individually configurable: 20Hz or 100Hz

Discrete Outputs: 1 Solid-state Protected FET high-side driver (switch to input power when ON)

Output Rating: 30Vdc, 2A maximum, current limited to approximately 2.25A.

Analog Inputs: 2 16-bit, Delta Sigma, individually software configurable ranges
Input Range: [8X-512X] 20mA (minimum input for full accuracy is 0.5mA)

[8X-522X] 5V, +/-5V, 10V, +/-10V, 30V

• [8X-532X] 50K ohms, temperature using 2.2K, 10K (type II, III and w/11.K shunt) thermistors

**COMMUNICATIONS** 

Wireless:

**Ethernet:** 1 10/100mb/s (10/100 Base-T)

SCADA Protocols

Modbus TCP & UDP (master/slave), Ethernet IP (master/slave PLC5 & SLC5/05 emulation), SDX (AES-128 Encryption), MQTT, Ethernet to Serial bridging Internet Protocols

HTTP (server), FTP (server & client), E-mail (SMTP and POP3), ICMP (ping; server & client), NTP (client), DHCP (server & client), DNS, DDNS

1 900MHz Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Spread Spectrum radio

1/4W (24dBm): Digi Xtend [8x-5x22], 1W (30dBm): Digi Xtend [8x-5x23] or SX [8x-5x24]

[8x-5x22 and 8x-5x23] -110 dBm sensitivity @ 9.6kbps [8x-5x24] -113 dBm sensitivity @ 9.6kbps

SCADA Protocols Modbus RTU (master/slave), DF1 (slave), SDX (AES-128 Encryption)

Serial: 1 RS-232, RS-485, RS-422, SDI-12 (for general purpose communications)

1 RS-485 Bus port (this port is available for general purpose communications if not used for high-speed bus communications with other modules)

Baud Rates (all ports) 115K, 38.4K, 19.2K, 9600, 4800, 2400, 1200 baud.

Protocols Modbus RTU (master/slave), DF1 (slave), SDX (AES-128 Encryption), SDI-12 (general purpose port only)

Audio: 2 18-bit audio outputs, <0.2% Total Harmonic Distortion

File Storage Dedicated 32MB internal flash disk; up to 1000 audio file segments

File Format MP3 compressed audio with automatic sample rate detection and playback; 320 kbit/s maximum

Output Levels and Load 1.6Vpp into 30 ohms with electronic programmable attenuation and tone controls

**Local:** 128x32 graphical, wide temperature range yellow OLED and single pushbutton

Graphical: Web based, graphic library included. Compatible with most browsers, including Internet Explorer, Firefox, Chrome, Safari, Android

Mobile: Web based, text only, up to 50 registers. Compatible with most browsers, including Internet Explorer, Firefox, Chrome, Safari, Android

**PROGRAMMING** 

Languages: Ladder Logic, Function Block, Text—built-in web based graphical and text editor and debugger

Capacity: 64KB logic, 2MB source code, 32-bit integer and floating point math

STORAGE

**Registers:** 504 Numeric registers, 504 Boolean registers

Internal Flash disk: 32MB

Removable disk: Micro SD Card (up to 256GB, supplied by customer)

**CLOCK** 

Real Time Clock: Temperature compensated with lithium battery backup power

Stability +/- 3ppm from -30°C to 70°C

GENERAL

**Input Power:** 10Vdc to 30Vdc

**Power Consumption** 

Not using Ethernet 18mA @ 12Vdc / 13mA @ 24Vdc (Ethernet power saver enabled)

Using Ethernet 78mA @ 12Vdc / 43mA @ 24Vdc

Radio Transmitting [81-5x22] Add 100mA @ 12Vdc 50mA @ 24Vdc in short transmit bursts

[81-5x23, 8x-5x24] Add 320mA @ 12Vdc 160mA @ 24Vdc in short transmit bursts

Field Wiring Termination: [81-5x2x] screw terminal blocks [82-5x2x] lever terminal blocks, 3.5mm, 22 to 14GA wires

Antenna Connector: RP-SMA female (male pin center conductor)

Temperature: -40°C to 70°C (operating), -40°C to 85°C (storage)

 Humidity:
 <95% RH (non-condensing)</td>

 Enclosure:
 Polyamide, light gray (RAL 7035)

 Mounting:
 35mm DIN rail with bus connector block



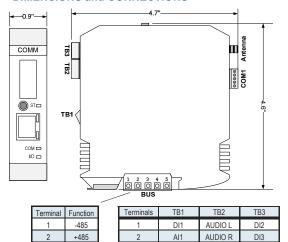
# Modulus Spread Spectrum Communications Module with Audio Out - Type 1120—Antenna Wiring

# **DIMENSIONS and CONNECTIONS**

RESET#

GND

3



AI2

D01

PTT

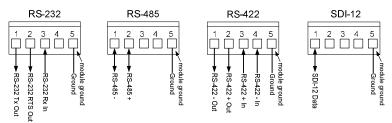
**GND** 

DI4

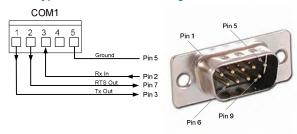
DI5 DIC

**Omni** 

# General Purpose Communications Port COM1 (modes are software configured)



# Typical COM1 RS-232 Wiring to Modem/Radio



# **Antenna System Options**

Spread Spectrum radio systems use antennas mounted external to the controller. The type of antenna used depends on both the distance to be covered and the terrain between any two sites that are to be linked together. The selection of antennas, mounting height above grade, cable types, etc. should be determined by use of a radio path study to ensure reliable communications. There are three types of antennas typically used:

- ◆ "Salt Shaker" style Omni-directional for moderate distances
- ♦ 6dB Omni-directional for best performance at a Master or repeater site
- ♦ 6dB Yagi directional for best noise rejection and signal focus at remote sites

# 6dB Omni Antenna Part# 98-3106 Low-loss External Antenna Cable Part# 98-42xx (xx= ft.) A "S field mod aimi and (part

36" Internal Antenna Cable

Part# 98-6136

"Salt Shaker" Style Omnidirectional for Medium Distance Communications A "Salt Shaker" style antenna is the lowest cost, and easiest type to deploy in the field. It can be mounted on the top of the equipment panel and works well for moderate communications distance. Since it is omni-directional, there is no aiming or alignment required in the field. The antenna part number is 98-3103, and connects to the communications module with a short internal antenna cable (part number 98-6536).



"salt shaker" antenna

# **Antenna Components for Maximum Communications Distances**

Using elevated higher gain antennas can significantly improve the performance and reliable operating distance of a radio system. Since elevating the antennas will also increase the installation and maintenance cost of the system, you should always have a radio path study done to select the antenna components and mounting arrangements. Omni-directional antennas do not need to be aimed while Yagi directional antennas will provide better off-axis noise rejection. For either type of antenna system, a lightening arrestor is generally recommended since by being elevated, the antennas become a better "target" for a lightning strike. Use a dedicated grounding rod and bonding as shown for the lightning arrestor.

# Modulus Spread Spectrum Communications Module with Audio Out - Type 1120 - Field Device Wiring



Refer to the installation manual for additional installation details and precautions.

# Discrete Input DI1, Discrete Output DO1 & Analog Inputs —TB1

The field wiring may be connected directly to the TB1 terminal block, or through a field Wiring Panel as shown in the diagrams below. All discrete inputs/outputs and analog inputs are referenced to the ground terminal (5). This terminal is connected internally to the power supply ground.

The Discrete Input accepts a contact closure or open-collector ("NPN" style) input signal. An external pull-up resistor is not required.

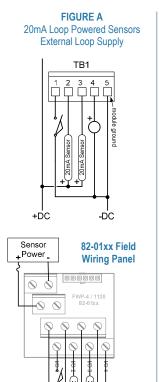
The Discrete Output sources current by switching the module input power to the output terminal.

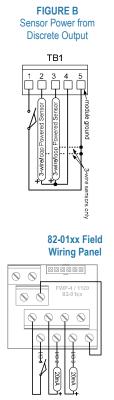
The 8x-516x models have analog Inputs that accept 20mA current signals. Loop powered (Figure A) and self-powered (Figure C) devices are supported. In power conserving applications, the analog sensors may be powered from the Discrete Output (Figure B), configured to switch power to the sensors only when needed to take an analog reading (with configurable "warmup" time).

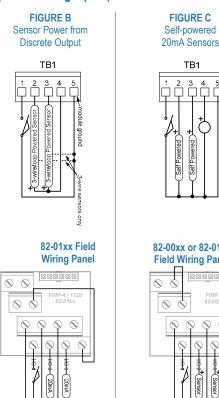
The 8x-526x models have analog Inputs that support voltage sensors (+/-5v, +/-10v and 30v) while the 8x-536x models support resistance sensors including thermistor type temperature sensors. The wiring for these sensors is shown in Figure D below.

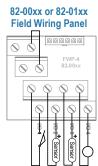
Note that for loop powered devices, model 82-01xx Field Wiring Panels should be used. For selfpowered devices, either model 82-00xx or 82-01xx Field Wiring Panels may be used.

# 8x-516x (20mA Analog Inputs)









Self

# 8x-526x (Voltage) and 8x-536x (Resistance/Temperature) Analog Inputs

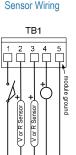
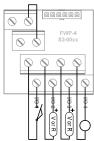


FIGURE D Voltage and Resistance

> Note: Resistance sensors do not have a polarity

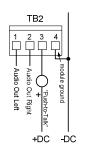
# 82-00xx or 82-01xx **Field Wiring Panel**

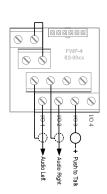


# Audio and Push-to-Talk Outputs—TB2

Audio Out Comm modules add two high-quality audio output channels and a transistor "open collector" Push-to-Talk discrete output to the base module. These can be used to annunciate audio messages over a public address or audio radio system. The field wiring to these outputs may be connected directly to the TB2 terminal block, or through an 82-02xx Field Wiring Panel as shown in the diagrams below.

The Audio Outputs have both left and right channels, along with a "Push-to-Talk" open collector output that will switch to ground when audio is playing. This can be used to activate the output of a public address amplifier, or key an audio radio transmission when audio is being played.

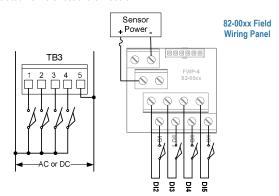




82-02xx Field Wiring Panel

# Discrete Inputs DI2 to DI5 —TB3

Audio Out Comm modules have four optically isolated discrete inputs. The field wiring to these inputs may be connected directly to the TB3 terminal block, or through a Field Wiring Panel as shown in the diagrams below. The common for the discrete inputs is shared among the four inputs but isolated from the rest of the module.



Sensor power may be AC or DC of either polarity. It can be the same source as the module input power.

